

Park Street C of E Primary School & Nursery



Medical Conditions Policy

Version	1.1
Name/Department of originator/author:	Sarah Castro
Name/Title of responsible committee/individual:	School Effectiveness Committee
Date issued:	10/2018
Review frequency:	Annually
Target audience:	

The governing body shall conduct the school with a view to promoting high standards of educational achievement.

Park Street Primary School is committed to eliminating discrimination, advancing equality of opportunity and fostering good relations between different groups. These factors were considered in the formation and review of this policy and will be adhered to in its implementation and application across the whole school community.

Park Street Primary School will promote the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and will actively challenge any member of the school community expressing opinions contrary to fundamental British Values, including 'extremist' views.

Version	Date	Notes
V1.1	10/2018	1.1 Reviewed by Senco and SEND Governor Approved by governors November 2018

Review date: November 2019

Park Street Church of England Primary School Medical Conditions Aims

We understand that we have a responsibility to make the school welcoming and supportive to pupils with medical conditions who currently attend and to those who may enroll in the future.

We aim to provide all children with all medical conditions the same opportunities as others at school. We will help to ensure they can:

- be healthy
- stay safe
- enjoy and achieve
- make a positive contribution
- achieve economic well-being.

Pupils with medical conditions are encouraged to take control of their condition. Pupils feel confident in the support they receive from the school to help them do this.

We aim to include all pupils with medical conditions in all school activities wherever appropriate.

We aim to make the parents/carers of pupils with medical conditions feel secure in the care their children receive at this school.

We ensure that all staff understand their duty of care to children and young people in the event of an emergency.

We aim to ensure that all staff feel confident in knowing what to do in an emergency.

This school understands that certain medical conditions are serious and can be potentially life-threatening, particularly if ill managed or misunderstood.

All staff understand the common medical conditions that affect children at this school. Staff receive training on the impact this can have on pupils.

The Medical Conditions Policy is understood and supported by the whole school and local health community.

We have consulted on the development of this Medical Conditions Policy with a wide-range of key stakeholders within both the school and health settings. These key stakeholders include:

- pupils with medical conditions
- parents
- school nurse

- head teacher
- teachers
- special educational needs coordinator
- members of staff trained in first aid
- all other school staff
- school governors.

The views of pupils with various medical conditions were actively sought and considered central to the consultation process.

All key stakeholders were consulted in two phases:

- initial consultation during development of the policy
- comments on a draft policy before publication.

We recognise the importance of providing feedback to those involved in the development process and are committed to acknowledging input and providing follow-up to suggestions put forward.

Communication

Parents and carers (and where relevant pupils) are informed and regularly reminded about the Medical Conditions Policy:

- by including the policy statement in the school's prospectus and signposting access to the policy
- at the start of the school year when communication is sent out about Healthcare Plans
- in the school newsletter at several intervals in the school year
- when their child is enrolled as a new pupil
- via the school's website, where it is available all year round
- through school-wide communication about results of the monitoring and evaluation of the policy.

School staff are informed and regularly reminded about the Medical Conditions Policy:

- Through copies handed out at the first staff meeting of the school year and before Healthcare Plans are distributed to parents
- At scheduled medical conditions training
- Through the key principles of the policy being displayed in several prominent staff areas at this school
- Through school-wide communication about results of the monitoring and evaluation of the policy
- All supply and temporary staff are informed of the policy and their responsibilities.

Relevant local health staff are informed and regularly reminded about the school's

Medical Conditions Policy:

- by email accompanied with an attachment of the policy at the start of the school year
- via primary care trust (PCT) links and the school/community nurse
- through communication about results of the monitoring and evaluation of the policy.

All other external stakeholders are informed and reminded about the school's medical conditions policy:

- by email accompanied with an attachment of the policy summary at the start of the school year
- through communication about results of the monitoring and evaluation of the policy.

Emergencies

All staff that have contact with children are aware of the most common serious medical conditions.

Staff at this school understand their duty of care to pupils in the event of an emergency. In an emergency situation school staff are required under common law duty of care to act like any reasonably prudent parent. This may include administering medication.

All staff who work with groups of pupils at this school receive training and know what to do in an emergency for the pupils in their care with medical conditions.

If we have children in the school that need an Epipen then Epipen training will be refreshed for all staff at least once a year. General First Aid training and Paediatric First Aid training is refreshed every three years.

If we have children requiring other emergency medications in the school we will ensure the staff caring for them have the correct training.

Action for staff to take in an emergency for the common serious conditions at this school is displayed in prominent locations for all staff including classrooms, kitchens and the staff room.

This school uses Healthcare Plans to inform the appropriate staff (including supply teachers and support staff) of pupils in their care who may need emergency help.

This school has procedures in place so that a copy of the pupil's Healthcare Plan is sent to the emergency care setting with the pupil. On occasions when this is not possible, the form is sent (or the information on it is communicated) to the hospital as soon as possible.

General emergency procedures

All staff know what action to take in the event of a medical emergency. This includes:

- how to contact emergency services and what information to give
- who to contact within the school.

Training is refreshed for all staff at least once a year.

Action to take in a general medical emergency is displayed in prominent locations for staff. These include classrooms, the staff room and food preparation areas.

If a pupil needs to be taken to hospital, a member of staff will always accompany them and will stay with them until a parent arrives. The school tries to ensure that the staff member will be one the pupil knows.

Generally, staff should not take pupils to hospital in their own car. This school has clear guidance from the local authority on when (and if) this is appropriate.

Administration of medication at school

All pupils at this school with medical conditions have easy access to their emergency medication.

Pupils know where their medication is stored and how to access it.

Pupils understand the arrangements for a member of staff (and the reserve member of staff) to assist in helping them take their medication safely.

Administration – general

All use of medication defined as a controlled drug, even if the pupil can administer the medication themselves, is done under the supervision of a named member of staff at this school.

This school understands the importance of medication being taken as prescribed.

All staff are aware that there is no legal or contractual duty for any member of staff to administer medication or supervise a pupil taking medication unless they have been specifically contracted to do so.

Many other members of staff are happy to take on the voluntary role of administering medication. For medication where no specific training is necessary, any member of staff may administer prescribed and non-prescribed medication to pupils under the age of 16, but only with the written consent of the pupil's parent.

Training is given to all staff members who agree to administer medication to pupils,

where specific training is needed. The local authority provides full indemnity.

All school staff have been informed through training that they are required, under common law duty of care, to act like any reasonably prudent parent in an emergency situation. This may include taking action such as administering medication.

It may be necessary in some circumstances to administer medication by an adult of a different gender as the pupil, and preferably witnessed by a second adult.

Parents at this school understand that if their child's medication changes or is discontinued, or the dose or administration method changes, that they should notify the school immediately.

If a pupil at this school refuses their medication, staff record this and follow procedures. Parents are informed as soon as possible.

If a pupil at this school needs supervision or access to medication during home to school transport organised by the local authority, properly trained escorts are provided. All drivers and escorts have the same training as school staff, know what to do in a medical emergency and are aware of any pupils in their care who have specific needs. If they are expected to supervise or administer emergency medication they are properly trained and have access to the relevant Healthcare Plans.

All staff attending off-site visits are aware of any pupils with medical conditions on the visit. They receive information about the type of condition, what to do in an emergency and any other additional support necessary, including any additional medication or equipment needed.

If a trained member of staff, who is usually responsible for administering medication, is not available we make alternative arrangements to provide the service. This is always addressed in the risk assessment for off-site activities.

If a pupil misuses medication, either their own or another pupil's, their parents are informed as soon as possible. These pupils are subject to the school's usual disciplinary procedures.

Storage of medication at school

Safe storage – emergency medication

Emergency medication is readily available to pupils who require it at all times during the school day or at off-site activities.

Pupils, whose healthcare professionals and parents advise the school that their child is not yet able or old enough to self-manage and carry their own emergency medication, know exactly where to access their emergency medication.

Safe storage – non-emergency medication

All non-emergency medication is kept in a secure place, in a lockable cupboard in a cool dry place. Pupils with medical conditions know where their medication is stored and how to access it.

Staff ensure that medication is only accessible to those for whom it is prescribed.

Safe storage – general

There is a named member of staff who ensures the correct storage of medication at school.

Three times a year the identified member of staff checks the expiry dates for all medication stored at school.

The identified member of staff, along with the parents of pupils with medical conditions, ensures that all emergency and non-emergency medication brought in to school is clearly labeled with the pupil's name, the name and dose of the medication and the frequency of dose.

All medication is supplied and stored, wherever possible, in its original containers. All medication is labelled with the pupil's name, the name of the medication, expiry date and the prescriber's instructions for administration, including dose and frequency.

Medication is stored in accordance with instructions, paying particular note to temperature.

Some medication for pupils at this school may need to be refrigerated. All refrigerated medication is stored in an airtight container and is clearly labelled. Refrigerators used for the storage of medication are in a secure area, inaccessible to unsupervised pupils or lockable as appropriate.

All medication is sent home with pupils at the end of the school year. Medication is not stored in summer holidays.

It is the parent's responsibility to ensure new and in date medication comes into school on the first day of the new academic year.

Safe disposal

Parents at this school are asked to collect out-of-date medication.

If parents do not pick up out-of-date medication, or at the end of the school year, medication is taken to a local pharmacy for safe disposal.

A named member of staff is responsible for checking the dates of medication and arranging for the disposal of any that have expired. This check is done at least three times a year and is always documented.

Sharps boxes are used for the disposal of needles. Parents obtain sharps boxes

from the child's GP or Paediatrician on prescription. All sharps boxes in this school are stored in a locked cupboard unless alternative safe and secure arrangements are put in place on a case-by-case basis.

If a sharps box is needed on an off-site or residential visit, a named member of staff is responsible for its safe storage and return to a local pharmacy or to school or the pupil's parent.

Currently, the collection and disposal of sharps boxes is carried out by the relevant child's parent.

Intimate care: The school is committed to supporting children with intimate care needs, including those who need supervision of intimate self-care. The school's procedures aim to ensure that children who require intimate care are treated with dignity at all times and that safeguarding considerations for both the child and adult involved are respected.

Record Keeping

Enrolment forms

Parents at this school are asked if their child has any health conditions or health issues on the enrolment form, which is filled out at the start of each school year. Parents of new pupils starting at other times during the year are also asked to provide this information on enrolment forms.

Healthcare Plans

Drawing up Healthcare Plans

We use a Healthcare Plan to record important details about individual children's medical needs at school, their triggers, signs, symptoms, medication and other treatments. Further documentation can be attached to the Healthcare Plan if required.

See Appendix 1

A Healthcare Plan, accompanied by an explanation of why and how it is used, is sent to all parents of pupils with a long-term medical condition. This is sent:

- at the start of the school year
- at enrolment
- when a diagnosis is first communicated to the school.

If a pupil has a short-term medical condition that requires medication during school hours, a medication form is completed by the child's parent.

See Appendix 2

Where possible, the SENCO (Sarah Castro) will meet with the parents, healthcare professional and pupil with a medical condition, to fill out the pupil's Healthcare Plan together.

If this is not possible then parents and pupils are asked to complete the Healthcare form at home and return it to the school SENCO.

School Healthcare Plan register

Healthcare Plans are used to create a centralised register of pupils with medical needs. The SENCO has responsibility for the register at this school.

The SENCO follows up with the parents any further details on a pupil's Healthcare Plan required or if permission for administration of medication is unclear or incomplete.

Ongoing communication and review of Healthcare Plans

Parents at this school are regularly reminded to update their child's Healthcare Plan if their child has a medical emergency or if there have been changes to their symptoms (getting better or worse), or their medication and treatments change.

Staff at this school use opportunities such as teacher–parent interviews and home–school diaries to check that information held by the school on a pupil's condition is accurate and up to date.

Every pupil with a Healthcare Plan at this school has their plan discussed and reviewed at least once a year.

Storage and access to Healthcare Plans

Parents and pupils at this school are provided with a copy of the pupil's current agreed Healthcare Plan.

Healthcare Plans are kept in the Medical Conditions Folder, which is kept in the school office.

Apart from the central copy, Class teachers securely hold copies of pupils' Healthcare Plans. These copies are updated at the same time as the central copy.

All members of staff who work with groups of pupils have access to the Healthcare Plans of pupils in their care.

When a member of staff is new to a pupil group, for example due to staff absence, the school makes sure that they are made aware of (and have access to) the Healthcare Plans of pupils in their care.

This school ensures that all staff protect pupil confidentiality.

Use of Healthcare Plans

Healthcare Plans are used by this school to:

- inform the appropriate staff and supply teachers about the individual needs of a pupil with a medical condition in their care.
- identify common or important individual triggers for pupils with medical conditions at school that bring on symptoms and can cause emergencies. This school uses this information to help reduce the impact of common triggers.
- ensure that all medication stored at school is within the expiry date.
- ensure this school's local emergency care services have a timely and accurate summary of a pupil's current medical management and healthcare in the event of an emergency.
- remind parents of pupils with medical conditions to ensure that any medication kept at school for their child is within its expiry dates. This includes spare medication.

Consent to administer medicines

If a pupil requires regular prescribed or non-prescribed medication at school, parents are asked to provide consent attached to their child's Healthcare Plan giving the pupil or staff permission to administer medication on a regular/daily basis, if required. A separate form is sent to parents for pupils taking short courses of medication.

All parents of pupils with a medical condition who may require medication in an emergency are asked to provide consent on the Healthcare Plan for staff to administer medication.

If a pupil requires regular/daily help in administering their medication then the school outlines the school's agreement to administer this medication on the pupil's Healthcare Plan. The school and parents keep a copy of this agreement.

Parents of pupils with medical conditions at this school are all asked at the start of the school year on the Healthcare Plan if they and their child's healthcare professional believe the child is able to manage, carry and administer their own emergency medication.

Residential visits

Parents are sent a residential visit form to be completed and returned to school shortly before their child leaves for an overnight or extended day visit. This form requests up-to-date information about the pupil's current condition and their overall health. This provides essential and up-to-date information to relevant staff and school supervisors to help the pupil manage their condition while they are away. This includes information about medication not normally taken during school hours.

All residential visit forms are taken by the relevant staff member on visits and for all

out-of-school hours activities where medication is required. These are accompanied by a copy of the pupil's Healthcare Plan.

All parents of pupils with a medical condition attending a school trip or overnight visit are asked for consent, giving staff permission to administer medication at night or in the morning if required.

The residential visit form also details what medication and what does the pupil is currently taking at different times of the day. It helps to provide up-to-date information to relevant staff and supervisors to help the pupil manage their condition while they are away.

See Appendix 4

Other record keeping

This school keeps an accurate record of each occasion an individual pupil is given or supervised taking medication. Details of the supervising staff member, pupil and dose are also recorded and parents are informed as soon as possible. These records are kept for 3 years.

See Appendix 3

This school holds training on common medical conditions once a year. A log of the medical condition training is kept by the school and reviewed every 12 months to ensure all new staff receives training. This can be found in the Medical Conditions folder located in the school office.

This school keeps an up-to-date list of members of staff who have agreed to administer medication and have received the relevant training.

Inclusive Practice

Physical environment

We are committed to providing a physical environment that is accessible to pupils with medical conditions.

Pupils with medical conditions are included in the consultation process to ensure the physical environment at this school is accessible.

Our commitment to an accessible physical environment includes out-of-school visits. We recognise that this sometimes means changing activities or locations.

Social interactions

We ensure the needs of pupils with medical conditions are adequately considered to ensure their involvement in structured and unstructured social activities, including during breaks and before and after school.

We ensure the needs of pupils with medical conditions are adequately considered to ensure they have full access to extended school activities such as school discos, breakfast club, school productions, after school clubs and residential visits. All staff at this school are aware of the potential social problems that pupils with medical conditions may experience. Staff use this knowledge to try to prevent and deal with problems in accordance with the school's anti-bullying and behaviour policies.

Staff use opportunities such as personal, social and health education (PSHE) learning to raise awareness of medical conditions amongst pupils and to help create a positive social environment.

Exercise and physical activity

We understand the importance of all pupils taking part in sports, games and activities.

We ensure all classroom teachers, PE teachers and sports coaches make appropriate adjustments to sports, games and other activities to make physical activity accessible to all pupils.

We ensure all classroom teachers, PE teachers and sports coaches understand that pupils should not be forced to take part in an activity if they feel unwell.

Teachers and sports coaches are aware of pupils in their care who have been advised to avoid or to take special precautions with particular activities.

We ensure all PE teachers, classroom teachers and school sports coaches are aware of the potential triggers for pupils' medical conditions when exercising and how to minimize these triggers.

We ensure all pupils have the appropriate medication or food with them during physical activity and that pupils take them when needed.

We ensure all pupils with medical conditions are actively encouraged to take part in out-of-school clubs and team sports.

Education and learning

We ensure that pupils with medical conditions can participate fully in all aspects of the curriculum and make sure that appropriate adjustments and extra support are provided.

If a pupil is missing a lot of time at school, they have limited concentration or they are frequently tired, the class teacher will make reasonable adjustments, taking into consideration that this may be due to their medical condition.

Teachers at this school are aware of the potential for pupils with medical conditions to have special educational needs (SEN). Pupils with medical conditions who are finding it difficult to keep up with their studies are referred to the SEN coordinator.

The school's SEN coordinator consults the pupil, parents and the pupil's healthcare professional to ensure the effect of the pupil's condition on their schoolwork is properly considered.

This school ensures that learning about common medical conditions are incorporated into PSHE lessons and other parts of the curriculum.

Pupils at this school learn about what to do in the event of a medical emergency.

Residential visits

Risk assessments are carried out by this school prior to any out-of-school visit and medical conditions are considered during this process. Factors this school considers include: how all pupils will be able to access the activities proposed, how routine and emergency medication will be stored and administered, and where help can be obtained in an emergency.

This school understands that there may be additional medication, equipment or other factors to consider when planning residential visits. This school considers additional medication and facilities that are normally available at school.

Triggers

We are committed to reducing the likelihood of medical emergencies by identifying and reducing triggers both at school and on out-of-school visits.

School staff have been given training on medical conditions. This training includes detailed information on how to avoid and reduce exposure to common triggers for common medical conditions.

The school has a list of common triggers for the common medical conditions at this school. The school has written a trigger reduction schedule and is actively working towards reducing or eliminating these health and safety risks.

Written information about how to avoid common triggers for medical conditions has been provided to all school staff.

This school uses Healthcare Plans to identify individual pupils who are sensitive to particular triggers. This ensures that these individual pupils remain safe during all lessons and activities throughout the school day.

Full health and safety risk assessments are carried out on all out-of-school activities before they are approved, including residential visits, taking into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions.

The school reviews medical emergencies and incidents to see how they could have

been avoided. Appropriate changes to this school's policy and procedures are implemented after each review.

School will follow latest medical advice from NHS and individual child plans for common ailments that arise such as asthma, bumps, cuts and bruises.

Roles and Responsibilities

This school works in partnership with all interested and relevant parties including the school's governing body, all school staff, parents, employers, community healthcare professionals and pupils to ensure the policy is planned, implemented and maintained successfully.

The following roles and responsibilities are used for the medical conditions policy at this school. These roles are understood and communicated regularly.

Head teacher

This school's head teacher has a responsibility to:

- ensure the school is inclusive and welcoming and that the medical conditions policy is in line with local and national guidance and policy frameworks.
- liaise between interested parties including pupils, school staff, SENCO, pastoral support/welfare officers, teaching assistants, school nurses, parents, governors, the school health service, the local authority transport service, and local emergency care services.
- ensure the policy is put into action, with good communication of the policy to all.
- ensure every aspect of the policy is maintained.
- delegate the SENCO to ensure that information held by the school is accurate and up to date and that there are good information sharing systems in place using pupils' Healthcare Plans.
- ensure pupil confidentiality.
- assess the training and development needs of staff and arrange for them to be met.
- ensure all supply teachers and new staff know the medical conditions policy
- ensure that the named member of staff will check the expiry date of medicines kept at school.
- monitor and review the policy at least once a year, with input from pupils, parents, staff and external stakeholders.
- update the policy at least once a year according to review, recommendations and recent local and national guidance and legislation.
- report back to all key stakeholders about implementation of the medical conditions policy.

All school staff

All staff at this school have a responsibility to:

- be aware of the potential triggers, signs and symptoms of common medical conditions and know what to do in an emergency.
- understand the school's medical conditions policy.
- know which pupils in their care have a medical condition and be familiar with the content of the pupil's Healthcare Plan.
- allow all pupils to have immediate access to their emergency medication.
- maintain effective communication with parents including informing them if their child has been unwell at school.
- ensure pupils who carry their medication with them have it when they go on a school visit or out of the classroom.
- be aware of pupils with medical conditions who may be experiencing bullying or need extra social support.
- understand the common medical conditions and the impact it can have on pupils (pupils should not be forced to take part in any activity if they feel unwell).
- ensure all pupils with medical conditions are not excluded unnecessarily from activities they wish to take part in.
- ensure pupils have the appropriate medication or food with them during any exercise and are allowed to take it when needed.

Teaching staff

Teachers at this school have a responsibility to:

- ensure pupils who have been unwell catch up on missed school work.
- be aware that medical conditions can affect a pupil's learning and provide extra help when pupils need it.
- liaise with parents, the pupil's healthcare professionals, special educational needs coordinator and welfare officers if a child is falling behind with their work because of their condition.
- use opportunities such as PSHE and other areas of the curriculum to raise pupil awareness about medical conditions.

School nurse or school healthcare professional

The school nurse at this school has a responsibility to:

- help update the school's medical conditions policy.
- help provide regular training for school staff in managing the most common medical conditions at school.
- provide information about where the school can access other specialist training.
- Meet Termly with the school's Special Educational Needs Coordinator to discuss children's health needs, Individual Healthcare plans and training needs of the staff.

First aider

First aiders at this school have a responsibility to:

- give immediate help to casualties with common injuries or illnesses and those arising from specific hazards with the school
- when necessary ensure that an ambulance or other professional medical help is called.

Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO)

The Senco at this school has the responsibility to:

- help update the school's medical condition policy.
- know which pupils have a medical condition and which have special educational needs because of their condition.
- ensure teachers make the necessary arrangements if a pupil needs special consideration or access arrangements in exams or course work.
- Along with the Headteacher ensure that Individual Healthcare plans and training needs of the staff are kept up-to-date.

Local doctors and specialist healthcare professionals

Individual doctors and specialist healthcare professionals caring for pupils who attend this school, have a responsibility to:

- complete the pupil's Healthcare Plans provided by parents.
- where possible, and without compromising the best interests of the child, try to prescribe medication that can be taken outside of school hours.

Park Street Church of England School Medical Needs Policy Statement

We have a Medical Conditions Policy, which is reviewed annually and updated.

This policy sets out our Aims: how we communicate with pupils, parents, staff, health staff and any other stakeholders; what to do in an emergency; Administration of medication in school, including storage; Record keeping; Healthcare Plans; Inclusive Practice; triggers and Roles and Responsibilities.

Appendix 1

Individual healthcare plan

Name of school/setting

Park Street Church of England Primary School

Child's name

Group/class/form

Date of birth

Child's address

Medical diagnosis or condition

Date

Review date

Family Contact Information

Name

Phone no. (work)

(home)

(mobile)

Name

Relationship to child

Phone no. (work)

(home)

(mobile)

Clinic/Hospital Contact

Name

Phone no.

G.P.

Name

Phone no.

Who is responsible for providing support in school

Class Teacher and Teaching Assistant

Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, facilities, equipment or devices, environmental issues etc.

•

Name of medication, dose, method of administration, when to be taken, side effects, contra-indications, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision

•

Daily care requirements

•

Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs

•

Arrangements for school visits/trips etc.

•

Other information

Describe what constitutes an emergency, and the action to take if this occurs

•

Who is responsible in an emergency (*state if different for off-site activities*)

•

Plan developed with

Staff training needed/undertaken – who, what, when

Form copied to

Appendix 2

Parental agreement for setting to administer medicine

Park Street C of E Primary School will not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this form. The school has a policy that the staff can administer medicine.

Date for review to be initiated by	
Name of school	Park Street Church of England Primary
Name of child	
Date of birth	
Class	
Medical condition or illness	

Medicine

Name/type of medicine <i>(as described on the container)</i>	
Expiry date	
Dosage and method	
Timing	
Special precautions/other instructions	
Are there any side effects that the school/setting needs to know about?	
Self-administration – y/n	
Procedures to take in an emergency	

NB: Medicines must be in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy

Contact Details

Name	
Daytime telephone no.	
Relationship to child	
Address	
I understand that I must deliver the medicine personally to	[agreed member of staff]

The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I give consent to school/setting staff administering medicine in accordance with the school/setting policy. I will inform the school/setting immediately, in writing, if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is stopped.

Signature(s)

Date

Record of medicine administered to an individual child

Name of school	Park Street Church of England Primary
Name of child	
Date medicine provided by parent	
Class	
Quantity received	
Name and strength of medicine	
Expiry date	
Quantity returned	
Dose and frequency of medicine	

Staff signature _____

Signature of parent _____

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

C: Record of medicine administered to an individual child (Continued)

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Appendix 3

Appendix 4

PARK STREET C OF E. SCHOOL
SCHOOL JOURNEY TO PGL LIDDINGTON

PARENTAL CONSENT FORM

Visit	
Group Leader	
Date of visit	

To be completed by the parent/adult responsible for the child:

Child's name: _____

Date of birth: _____

Does the above person:

- Have a medical condition requiring treatment or medication? Y/N
- Have an allergy to certain medications? Y/N
- Is he/she able to administer his/her own medication? Y/N

Please give details of medical condition/treatments or allergies to medications below:

Has he/she been in contact with any contagious or infectious diseases or suffered from anything in the last four weeks that may become contagious or infectious

Y/N

If yes, give details:

Does he/she have any special dietary requirements?

Y/N

If yes, give details:

I wish to draw the following to the attention of the Group Leader

(eg allergies, phobias, travel sickness, toileting difficulties, sleep walking, recent operations or treatments, other conditions which may affect fitness to participate in certain activities)

SWIMMING ABILITY: If water based activities are planned, please detail the child's swimming ability below:

Emergency Contact Information:

	<i>Main contact</i>	<i>Alternative contact</i>
Name		
Relationship		
Address		
Telephone numbers: Day Evening Mobile		

Family Doctor details:

Name:

Address:

Telephone numbers:

Declaration:

I have received and understood the details of the visit.

I agree that _____

- Can participate in the visit and activities described;
- Is in good health and fit to participate in the activities described;
- Can receive medical treatment as necessary.

I undertake to inform the Group Leader as soon as possible of any change in medical circumstances.

I acknowledge the need for my child to conform to the school's high standards of behaviour and agree to the school's procedures in this respect, including collecting my child if his/her behaviour causes concern.

Signed: _____

Name in capitals: _____

Relationship: _____

Date: _____

Address:

Telephone Number:

Appendix 5

Common triggers for Medical Conditions

Asthma

When you come into contact with something that irritates your lungs – known as a trigger – your airways become narrow, the muscles around them tighten, and there is an increase in the production of sticky mucus (phlegm).

Common asthma triggers include:

- house dust mites
- animal fur
- pollen
- cigarette smoke
- exercise
- viral infections

Anaphylaxis

Causes and triggers

Anaphylaxis is the result of your body's immune system overreacting to a harmless substance, such as food. Substances that provoke allergic reactions are known as allergens.

Anaphylaxis usually develops within minutes of contact with an allergen, though sometimes the reaction can happen hours later.

The most widely reported triggers of anaphylaxis are:

- insect stings, particularly wasp and bee stings
- nuts
- other types of foods, such as milk and seafood
- certain medications, such as some types of antibiotics